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In regard to other infectious diseases, there were in the State of Sao Paulo 59 deaths from whooping cough, 11 deaths from measles, 4 deaths from diphtheria, 5 deaths from erysipelas, 30 deaths from dysentery, 4 deaths from septicæmia, 7 deaths from influenza, 9 deaths from leprosy, 1 death from cholera, and 1 death from hydrophobia.

The total number of deaths during the month of April was 3,144, an increase of 165 as compared with the month of March. From tuberculosis there died 147 persons, an increase of 31, and from malaria 127, an increase of 27. From typhoid fever there died 60 persons—12 at the city of Sao Paulo and 8 at Santos—an increase of 14; from yellow fever, 32 persons—1 at Sao Paulo, 3 at Lampis, 1 at Amparo, 3 at Sundiahy, 1 at Capivary, and 23 at Indaiatuba—an increase of 26; from smallpox, 1 person at Sao Paulo, a decrease of 1.

In regard to other infectious diseases, there were 10 deaths from measles; scarlet fever, 3; diphtheria, 4; whooping cough, 4; erysipelas, 5; dysentery, 19; septicæmia, 7; influenza, 8; leprosy, 3, and 1 from cholera.

Since last report the following-named ships have been inspected and received bills of health of this office: July 19, steamship *Lassell*, British, for New York. July 21, steamship *Manica*, British, for New York. July 22, steamship *Dalecarlia*, German, for New York.

Respectfully, yours,

W. HAVELBURG, M. D.,
Sanitary Inspector, U. S. M. H. S.

The SURGEON-GENERAL,
U. S. Marine-Hospital Service.

COLOMBIA.

End of yellow fever in Panama.

PANAMA, August 15, 1899.

SIR: Since July 21 there have been no new cases of yellow fever. There was a new case reported on the 8th instant but it proved to be a case of simple fever and leaves Panama with a clean record since the 21st ultimo.

Respectfully, yours,

JAMES A. GUDGER,
United States Vice and Deputy Consul-General.

The SURGEON-GENERAL,
U. S. Marine-Hospital Service.

CUBA.

Sanitary reports from Havana.

HAVANA, CUBA, August 20, 1899.

SIR: I have the honor to inclose my weekly report of the health conditions of this port.

A house-to-house inspection, so to speak, was made of all the vessels in the port the first of the week, and no yellow fever found on any of them. In fact, the sailing crafts—the dangerous ships—are but poorly represented in the harbor at present; I do not know when I have known it so empty of vessels of this class.

Two deaths from yellow fever occurred on the 18th, not, of course, reported in the inclosed table. The quarantine of premises where cases of yellow fever are developed still continues. The mortality, as is